ASSET MANAGEMENT PLAN UPDATE 2020 - 2030





ALPINE ENERGY LIMITED

Planning Period: 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2030

Disclosure date: 31 March 2020

03 687 4300

alpineenergy.co.nz

LIABILITY DISCLAIMER

Any information contained in this document is based on information available at the time of preparation. Numerous assumptions have been made to allow future resource requirements to be assessed. These assumptions may prove to be incorrect or inaccurate, consequently, many of the future actions identified in this document may not occur.

Users of the information contained in this document do so at their own risk. Alpine Energy Limited will not be liable to compensate any persons for loss, injury, or damage resulting from the use of the contents of this document.

If any person wishes to take any action on the basis of the content of this document, they should contact Alpine Energy Limited for advice and confirmation of all relevant details before acting.

Directors' Statement

The purpose of our 2020 Asset Management Plan (AMP) Update is to provide insight and explanation of how we intend to provide electricity distribution services for the next ten years with information that materially adds to or changes from that in our 2019 AMP for the Planning Period 2020 - 2030. This Update should be read together with the 2019 AMP. We are committed to managing our distribution assets in a safe, reliable, and cost-effective manner that addresses required service levels and maintains a robust energy delivery system for our stakeholders.

The AMP has been published to meet our regulatory requirements for asset management under the Electricity Distribution Information Disclosure 2012.

Our distribution network is in good condition. The life of different electricity distribution assets ranges widely by asset type, from 25 to 100 years. Although some parts of our network that were installed in the 1950s and 1960s, including poles, are now nearing the end of their expected service life. The expected service life is based on the Commerce Commission's optimised deprival valuation of Fixed Assets of Electricity Lines Businesses (ODV). Overall our planned replacement rate is consistent with this criteria.

We determine when to replace assets based on specific asset condition and risk. If replacing a retired asset like-for-like would be uneconomic we replace it with an appropriate alternative product. We continue to invest in network developments including new assets to serve changing and growing consumer needs, and new technologies. We are also subject to regulatory requirements that may affect our risk and economic assessments.

Two thirds of our capital expenditure over the next ten years is targeted for replacement and renewal of existing infrastructure.

Network development capital expenditure accounts for a third of the investment in our network. This investment is specifically targeted for consumer connections, reliability safety and environment projects, and network augmentation. Developments are identified that will serve our consumers within the context of a changing environment for electricity distribution companies. Consumer preferences will drive supply solutions more and more and we will endeavour to support and give effect to this within the boundaries of the regulatory environment.

Our investment in the network is funded through our tariffs that are set in accordance with our pricing methodology. It is our intention to continue to keep tariffs within the price path set by the Commerce Commission and have a pricing methodology that is consistent with the Electricity Authority's pricing principles.

Capacity increases at grid exit points will be addressed through new investment agreements with Transpower, with a resulting price pass through to consumers as is the case now. Sole beneficiaries identified for additional capacity will have back-to-back¹ agreements to minimise the risk of stranded assets.

Please note, that no allowance has been made in the preparation of this AMP update of the effects of COVID 19, which could be significant on our ability to invest in our network and deliver our 2021 work program and possibly beyond.

The Directors

Alpine Energy Limited

¹ The sole beneficiary will contribute a substantial portion, or all of the cost of the required capacity upgrade depending on the circumstances.

Schedule 17 - Director Certification

Certification for Asset Management Plan Update 2020.

We, Stephen Thompson and Warren McNabb, being directors of Alpine Energy Limited certify that, having made all reasonable enquiries, to the best of our knowledge—

- a) the following attached information of Alpine Energy prepared for the purposes of clauses 2.4.1, 2.6.1, 2.6.3, 2.6.6 and 2.7.2 of the *Electricity Distribution Information Disclosure Determination 2012* in all material respects complies with that determination.
- b) the prospective financial or non-financial information included in the attached information has been measured on a basis consistent with regulatory requirements or recognised industry standards.
- c) The forecasts in Schedules 11a, 11b, 12a, 12b, 12c and 12d are based on objective and reasonable assumptions which both align with Alpine Energy's corporate vision and strategy and are documented in retained records.

W3 Mi Nals KShpm.

Director

Director

3 June 2020

3 June 2020

Date

Date

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	INTR	RODUCTION	5
	1.1	Information Disclosure Requirements	5
	1.2	Structure	5
2.	ΜΔΤ	IFRIAL CHANGES TO THE NETWORK DEVELOPMENT PLAN	6
	- MIAI		
	2.1	Albury Region	7
	2.1.1	1 Demand forecast	7
	2.1.2	2 Distributed Generation	8
	2.1.3	3 Electric Vehicles	9
	2.2	BELLS POND REGION	9
	2.2.1	1 Demana Forecast	9
	2.2.2	2 Distributed Generation	9
	2.2.3	S Electric Venicles	10
	2.5	STUDHOLME REGION	10
	2.3.1	Demund Polecust	10 10
	2.3.2	2 Distributed Generation	10 11
	2.5.5		11
	2.4	1 Demand Forecast	
	2.4.1	2 Distributed Generation	11
	2.4.2	3 Electric Vehicles	
	2.5	Temuka Begion	
	2.5	1 Demand Forecast	
	2.5.2	2 Distributed Generation	
	2.5.3	3 Electric Vehicles	
	2.6	TIMARU REGION	14
	2.6.1	1 Demand Forecast	14
	2.6.2	2 Distributed Generation	14
	2.6.3	3 Electric Vehicles	15
	2.7	TWIZEL REGION	15
	2.7.2	1 Demand Forecast	15
	2.7.2	2 Distributed Generation	15
	2.7.3	3 Electric Vehicles	16
2	МАТ	TERIAL CHANGES TO LIFECUCIE ASSET MANAGEMENT	16
э.	WA		10
4.	REAS	SONS FOR MATERIAL CHANGES TO FORECAST EXPENDITURE	17
	4.1	CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	17
	4.2	OPERATIONAL EXPENDITURE	
5.	ASSI	ET MANAGEMENT PRACTICES	
с.	DICC		10
ь.	DISC	LUJUKE JUHEUULEJ 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B, 12U, 12U	18
	6.1	FORECAST CAPITAL EXPENDITURE – SCHEDULE 11A	18
	6.2	FORECAST OPERATIONAL EXPENDITURE – SCHEDULE 11B	22
	6.3	Forecast Asset Condition - Schedule 12A	23
	6.4	FORECAST CAPACITY – SCHEDULE 12B	25
	6.5 C.C	FORECAST NETWORK DEMAND – SCHEDULE 12C	
	6.6	FORECAST INTERRUPTION DURATION – SCHEDULE 12D	

1. INTRODUCTION

Alpine Energy Limited is one of 29 Electricity Distribution Businesses (EDBs) in New Zealand. We supply just over 33,400 consumers in South Canterbury. Our supply area stretches from the Rangitata River in the north to the Waitaki River in the south, and from the coast inland to Mt Cook.

In March 2019 we published a comprehensive Asset Management Plan (AMP), which is available on our website <u>www.alpineenergy.co.nz</u>.

In accordance with the *Electricity Distribution Information Disclosure Determination 2012* (the Determination), the Commerce Commission allows EDBs to complete and publicly disclose an AMP Update rather than a full comprehensive AMP subject to certain conditions. Subject to these conditions, the 2020 disclosure year qualifies as one of these occasions and Alpine Energy Limited has chosen to issue an AMP Update for the 31 March 2020 disclosure date.

This document is Alpine Energy's 2020-2030 electricity network AMP Update and assumes the reader is familiar with our 2019-2029 comprehensive AMP. The Update provides information that materially adds to, or changes, that in the comprehensive AMP in accordance with clause 2.6.5 of the Determination.

1.1 **INFORMATION DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS**

Clause 2.6.3 of the *Electricity Distribution Information Disclosure Determination 2012* requires us to publicly disclose, before 1 April 2020, an AMP Update, in accordance with clauses 2.6.4, 2.6.5, and 2.6.6.

For the purpose of clause 2.6.5 of the Determination, the AMP update must-

- 1) Relate to the electricity distribution services supplied by the EDB;
- Identify any material changes to the network development plans disclosed in the last AMP under clause 11 of Attachment A or in the last AMP update disclosed under this clause;
- 3) Identify any material changes to the lifecycle asset management (maintenance and renewal) plans disclosed in the last AMP pursuant to clause 12 of Attachment A or in the last AMP update disclosed under this section;
- 4) Provide the reasons for any material changes to the previous disclosures in the Report on Forecast Capital Expenditure set out in Schedule 11a and Report on Forecast Operational Expenditure set out in Schedule 11b;
- 5) Identify any changes to the asset management practices of the EDB that would affect a Schedule 13 Report on Asset Management Maturity disclosure; and

In addition, clause 2.6.6 requires EDBs to complete the following reports as set out in the schedules:

- 1) Report on Forecast Capital Expenditure in Schedule 11a;
- 2) Report on Forecast Operational Expenditure in Schedule 11b;
- 3) Report on Asset Condition in Schedule 12a;
- 4) Report on Forecast Capacity in Schedule 12b;
- 5) Report on Forecast Network Demand in Schedule 12c;
- 6) Report on Forecast Interruptions and Duration in Schedule 12d;

1.2 **STRUCTURE**

This AMP Update is structured to meet the disclosure requirements as described above, and is in the same format as our previous comprehensive AMP. Where more detail is required on a specific topic we encourage the reader to revert to our 2019-2029 comprehensive AMP that is available on our website as stated above.

Sections 2 to 5 provide the information as required under clause 2.6.5(2) to (4) of the Determination and section 6 lists all the disclosure schedules 11a through 12d.

Information disclosure data given in this document are based on the regulatory period from 1 April to the following year 31 March. All time based graph data that is not information disclosure data to the Commerce Commission, is presented on a calendar year basis.

2. MATERIAL CHANGES TO THE NETWORK DEVELOPMENT PLAN

This section details all material changes, or additions, in network development plans for the respective areas as described in our 2019 AMP. Where changes or more accurate data is available, graphs and tables have been updated.

Distributed generation (DG)

Distributed generation and the effects of its penetration on distributions networks are a very topical subject. Terminology like "open networks"² are being adopted in the industry for describing the requirement that these technologies be easily connected to distribution networks. Our network development plan now includes details of current levels of installed DG as well as projected or forecast levels. The details are provided in the sections below for the seven GXP areas our network covers.

At the time of writing, the total DG capacity installed on our network was approximately 2 MW of which the majority is PV with two small biogas installations. This installed DG is on a cumulative installed transformer capacity of 59 MVA. On average a typical distribution network can accommodate between 27% and 45% of DG penetration on the installed transformer capacity, before network constraints are experienced.³ The forecast modelling used in sections 2.1 through 2.7 is based on a best fit function of all historical actual data. This model is updated regularly and will be adjusted if external triggers such as government policy or subsidies are introduced.

For the purposes of this AMP Update, details with respect to the embedded Opuha generation as described in section 5.10.1 of our 2019 AMP has not changed. This AMP Update focusses on DG that could present us with network development challenges.

Electric vehicles (EV)

Electric vehicles and the deployment of charging stations is another topical issue under discussion in the industry. When a consumer purchases an EV and installs a charging station at his home, there is no mechanism in place to alert us to this fact unless the consumer applies to have the service fuse upgraded to a higher rating. The implication is that if a sufficient number of consumers supplied by the same transformer and low voltage (LV) network installs charging stations, our network infrastructure could be under rated to supply this load. In addition, this could lead to a doubling of our system peak load if all the consumers decide to charge their EVs when they arrive home from work. This scenario is detailed in section 5.4 of our 2019 AMP.

Since this EV charging infrastructure could impact on existing low voltage (LV) infrastructure, and to an extent on high voltage (HV) infrastructure, we are monitoring the deployment of charging stations across our network. As reported by the International Energy Agency⁴, government policy is still the main driver for the uptake of EVs with the associated challenges that charging stations present. Any government policy in this regard would be a trigger for us to adjust our modelling of EV charger load. It is however important to note that the actual deployment and location of fast charging stations is largely unknown until we receive an application for power supply.





Figure 1: Number of EV charging sites and stations per GXP

We are not monitoring private residential EV charger uptake at this point of time mainly because we have no mechanism in place whereby consumers are required to inform us when they do install a charger. We are undertaking a Network Transformation Readiness initiative that will address this (and other DG related topics) and set actions to monitor, regulate and

² Open networks are networks that allows and encourages the uptake of new technologies to be connected.

³ International Energy Agency Task V Report IEA-PVPS T5-10:2002, *Impacts of power penetration from photovoltaic power systems in distribution networks*. This is provided the minimum load on the system during PV generation is also 27% to 45% of the maximum load.

⁴ Global EV Outlook 2018 page 10

manage EV charger uptake. Based on demographics we would be expected that residential EV uptake will be higher in the Timaru region than all the other regions. This is supported by the data in Figure 1 and Figure 2 respectively.

It is important to note that for Timaru, one single site in Washdyke comprising six charging stations for Tesla vehicles, has a capacity of 720 kW or just over 70% of the total charger capacity in Timaru. This type of installation, to an extent does skew the data.



Figure 2: Total EV capacity per GXP in kW

The data presented in the figures above is broken down in more granular format to present the number and capacity of EV chargers down to substation feeder level. This enables us to monitor and to potentially manage feeder loading as well as study the impact of charging habits on our network.

There are currently 3000 registered EVs in Canterbury of which 150 is registered in Timaru.⁵ 113 of these are Nissan Leaf models, there are 8 Hyundai Ionic and Kona models, 19 Mitsubishi Outlander models and 6 Toyota Prius models. 131 are private passenger vehicles and 19 are company owned. Figure below shows the registration dates for the vehicles registered in South Canterbury.



Figure 3: EV registrations in South Canterbury by year

2.1 **ALBURY REGION**

2.1.1 DEMAND FORECAST

Demand in this area is growing slowly. Figure 4 is shown to correct a data error in the same graph in the previous AMP.

⁵ Ministry of Transport website under Vehicle Fleet Statistics as at 17/03/2020. Note the data presented is based on "Location" information.





2.1.2 DISTRIBUTED GENERATION

Distributed generation (DG) growth in the Albury and Fairlie areas is slow but steady at an average of 14 kW capacity per year, predominantly in the Fairlie area. There are no evident effects (negative or positive) currently observed due to DG uptake in the area. Export to the network is minimal due to majority of consumers being focused on peak lopping⁶ rather than export. The predominant type of DG in the area is PV.

The DG in this area is currently at 5.4% of the installed distribution transformer capacity.

Figure 5 shows the annual uptake of DG connected to the Albury GXP, while Figure 6 shows the cumulative uptake of DG and the forecast uptake.



Figure 5: Albury GXP annual DG uptake

⁶ Peak lopping is when consumers use the energy generated by their PV installation to offset their own consumption, rather than injecting the energy into the electricity network for someone else to use.





2.1.3 ELECTRIC VEHICLES

Uptake of EV chargers in the region is slow with only two publicly accessible sites commissioned in and around the Fairlie Township. One 50 kW public charging site owned by Alpine is located across the road from the district council offices with two fast charging connectors. Another site is privately owned by a local camping ground providing three stations with charging capacity of up to 6.6 kW each.

2.2 BELLS POND REGION

2.2.1 DEMAND FORECAST

Demand off this GXP is growing steadily. There are no additional substantial load increases and only a single upgrade of a voltage regulator on the Waihuna feeder. This project valued at \$150 k is currently planned for 2020/21.

We are also planning to replace six 110 kV current transformers at this GXP due to failures of a similar type on Transpower's network. The value of these replacements is estimated at \$200 k.

2.2.2 DISTRIBUTED GENERATION

DG growth in Bells Pond region is very slow with the largest uptake occurring in 2014 and 2015. In 2018 and 2019 there were no further installations. Figure 5 list the annual uptake of DG connected to the Bells Pond GXP, while Figure 6 shows the cumulative uptake of DG and the forecast uptake.

Figure 7 shows the annual uptake of DG connected to the Bells Pond GXP, while Figure 8 shows the cumulative uptake of DG and the forecast uptake.

The DG in this area is currently at 4.5% of the installed distribution transformer capacity.









2.2.3 ELECTRIC VEHICLES

Currently there is one privately owned EV charger site located at the camp grounds in Glenavy Township providing six stations at 6.6 kW each. Since this GXP supplies mainly rural farming communities, we do not expect a significant uptake in EVs at this point in time.

2.3 STUDHOLME REGION

2.3.1 DEMAND FORECAST

Demand off this GXP is growing steadily. There are no additional substantial load increases. Actual demand in 2019 was down from 2018. There are no additional projects planned at this GXP. Prospective projects depend largely on customer initiation mainly from Fonterra.

2.3.2 DISTRIBUTED GENERATION

Distributed generation (DG) growth in the Studholme area is slow but steady at an average of 8.5 kW capacity per year. The area witnessed an increase in 2014 and nothing in 2016. The last three years have seen an increase in uptake and has been around the 14 kW mark per annum. There are no evident effects (negative or positive) currently observed due to DG uptake in the area. The predominant type of DG in the area is PV.

Figure 9 shows the annual uptake of DG connected to the Studholme GXP, while Figure 10 shows the cumulative uptake of DG and the forecast uptake.







Figure 10: Studholme GXP cumulative DG uptake and growth forecast

The DG in this area is currently at 4.5% of the installed distribution transformer capacity.

2.3.3 ELECTRIC VEHICLES

Uptake of EV chargers in the region is very slow with only one publicly accessible site commissioned in and around the Waimate Township. The only site is a 50 kW public charging owned by Alpine and located in the heart of the Waimate Township with two connector types.

2.4 **TEKAPO REGION**

2.4.1 DEMAND FORECAST

Load growth in the Tekapo township is healthy with a number of subdivisions and commercial developments underway. There are no additional projects planned beyond those detailed in the previous AMP. Upgrading of the Tekapo zone substation transformer has been scheduled but the definitive timing is dependent on load growth. This site is configured to connect our mobile substation with 50% more capacity than the current transformer.

We have replaced our Balmoral substation feeding the Simon's Pass area in 2019 due to the age of the equipment and the fact that we did not have any spares for the transformer due to its unique characteristics. The replacement substation has been renamed to Old Man Range (OMR) substation due to its location. Capacity has been increased and the demand forecast is depicted in Figure 11 and is sufficient to beyond the planning period.



Figure 11: OMR substation demand forecast, supply security, and equipment rating

2.4.2 DISTRIBUTED GENERATION

Distributed generation (DG) uptake in the Tekapo GXP regions is slow with an average of 15 kW capacity installed per annum. The predominant type of DG in the area is PV and small scale batteries for controls or storage. There is a 100 kW Biogas generator

commissioned in 2018 by a dairy farm in the Simons Pass area. This generator is currently set not to inject any power into our network.

Most DG applications are residential concentrated around the township areas. One school in the Tekapo area has a 3 kW PV system as part of the government initiative to encourage green energy for schools. Commercial entities in the region have also showed substantial interest in DG with growth in local businesses, motels and hotels investing in PV systems.

Figure 12 shows the annual uptake of DG connected to the Tekapo GXP, while Figure 13 shows the cumulative uptake of DG and the forecast uptake.







Figure 13: Tekapo GXP cumulative DG uptake and growth forecast

While the uptake in 2018 was promising the 2019 numbers were substantially down. We believe the negative publicity on television in the Fair Go program has had an influence on the uptake of PV in Tekapo and other regions. Tekapo is however an area where we will benefit from the uptake of PV, especially if it is accompanied by battery storage. Then it would help to manage demand at zone substation and GXP level with possible deferral of capital investment.

The DG in this area is currently at 6.3% of the installed distribution transformer capacity.

2.4.3 ELECTRIC VEHICLES

Uptake of EV chargers in the Tekapo region is slow with only two publicly accessible site commissioned in the Tekapo Township. One site is owned by Alpine (2 x 50 kW stations) and another by the Four Square supermarket (2 x 25 kW stations). There is another privately owned site on the Tekapo Backpackers hostel (5 kW).

2.5 TEMUKA REGION

2.5.1 DEMAND FORECAST

Demand forecast in this region has not changed significantly from last years' forecast. The GXP continues to operate just above the N-1⁷ security level during peak loading periods. We will be replacing the Geraldine zone substation transformer in 2020 calendar year due to the condition of the paper insulation of the current transformer. This replacement will also increase the available transformer capacity to this area.

The Temuka GXP upgrade is currently under review between Transpower and ourselves. The forecast expenditure around this development will as a result be deferred from the previous anticipated timeframe, possibly to 2022. The two Clandeboye (Fonterra) zone substations continue to operate at their N-1 capacity. Any upgrade of these substations will be at the request of Fonterra either for additional capacity, or increased security of supply.

2.5.2 DISTRIBUTED GENERATION

Distributed generation (DG) uptake in the Temuka GXP regions has picked up since 2015 with an average of 90 kW annually. The predominant type of DG in the area is PV and small scale batteries for controls or storage. A large percentage of the DG growth is residential mostly concentrated around the township areas.

As part of the government initiative to fund and support solar installations for schools, seven schools around the Temuka region have 73 kW installed PV generation shared between them. The largest is the Geraldine High school with 45 kW solar system.

Commercial entities in the region have also shown interest in DG with growth in local businesses investing in PV systems. This is expected to grow with more corporate groups (e.g. Foodstuffs, Fonterra, etc.) setting cost and emissions reduction targets.

Figure 14 shows the annual uptake of DG connected to the Temuka GXP, while Figure 15 shows the cumulative uptake of DG and the forecast uptake.



Figure 14: Temuka GXP annual DG uptake

⁷ N-1 means that supply is not affected for a single contingent event, or, the loss of a single line or transformer will not compromise supply.



Figure 15: Temuka GXP cumulative DG uptake and growth forecast

The uptake of DG in Temuka is typical for larger urban areas where the population density is higher. The trend is similar to the uptake in Studholme (i.e. Waimate township) and Timaru. These centres also have a higher installed capacity base and can therefore accommodate more DG penetration.

The DG in this area is at 4.9% of the installed distribution transformer capacity.

2.5.3 ELECTRIC VEHICLES

Uptake of EV chargers in the Temuka region is slow with only two publicly accessible site commissioned in the Temuka (25 kW) and Geraldine (50 kW) Townships. There is another District Council owned site on the Winchester showgrounds (10 kW).

2.6 TIMARU REGION

2.6.1 DEMAND FORECAST

Load growth in this area has been steady and mainly due to light industrial development in the Washdyke area. Demand on the three main switching stations supplying the urban township area has been flat.

The upgrade of the Timaru zone substation 33 kV switchgear and protection has been deferred by two years to 2022/24.

2.6.2 DISTRIBUTED GENERATION

Distributed generation growth in the Timaru area is strong and steady at an average of 146.9 kW capacity per annum over the last six years. The area witnessed a high increase in 2014 and has been steady since. There are no evident effects (negative or positive) currently observed due to DG uptake in the area. Export to the network is minimal due to majority of consumers being focused on peak lopping rather than export. The predominant type of DG in the area is PV.

The DG in this area is currently at 2.5% of the installed distribution transformer capacity.

Figure 16 shows the annual uptake of DG connected to the Timaru GXP, while Figure 17 shows the cumulative uptake of DG and the forecast uptake.







Figure 17: Timaru GXP cumulative DG uptake and growth forecast

2.6.3 ELECTRIC VEHICLES

Uptake of EV chargers in the region is slow with only ten publicly accessible sites, 9 commissioned in and around the Timaru district. They range from 3 kW to 120 kW per charger.

2.7 **TWIZEL REGION**

2.7.1 DEMAND FORECAST

There are two large staged subdivisions and several small (five lot) subdivisions underway in Twizel. Despite this, demand is growing slowly and there are presently no significant step increases. This may be due to many residences being used for vacation or weekend getaway. Load growth based on the last five years indicate a capacity constraint towards the end of the planning period.

2.7.2 **DISTRIBUTED GENERATION**

Distributed generation (DG) growth in the Twizel is slow but steady at an average of 14.7 kW capacity per year since 2015. The area witnessed a large increase in 2015 and 2017 with 18.4 kW uptake. Since 2017 it has been gradually reducing with 2019 seeing only 10.3 kW uptake. There are no evident effects (negative or positive) currently observed due to DG uptake in the area. The predominant type of DG in the area is PV.

With the increased tourism attraction to the Tekapo-Twizel areas, and their well-known clear skies, there is potential of PV uptake to increase with the increase in developments.







Figure 19: Twizel GXP cumulative DG uptake and growth forecast

The DG in this area is currently at 2.6% of the installed distribution transformer capacity.

Figure 18 shows the annual uptake of DG connected to the Twizel GXP, while Figure 19 shows the cumulative uptake of DG and the forecast uptake.

2.7.3 ELECTRIC VEHICLES

Uptake of EV chargers in the region is slow with only one publicly accessible site (2 x 50 kW stations owned by AEL) commissioned in the Twizel Township. There are another two privately owned sites one at the Meridian Energy offices and one close to Lake Pukaki (2 x 5 kW stations for venue patrons).

3. MATERIAL CHANGES TO LIFECYCLE ASSET MANAGEMENT

There have been no material changes to the methodologies used in the lifecycle management of our assets during the last year. We continue to progress in utilising our asset management system more effectively as well as improving our asset data. We have started a program to move from mainly age based asset condition to an actual condition based system.

We are using smart meter data increasingly to assess actual diversified loading on our network with a view to optimise our capital investments by not spending too early. There are also numerous benefits to our consumers through improved quality of supply and safety aspects.

We have started and will continue with a program to have our overhead conductor tested by independent specialists. This will aid in more accurately assessing the end of life for various types of conductor used in different regions on our network.

4. REASONS FOR MATERIAL CHANGES TO FORECAST EXPENDITURE

It is our intention to stay within the allowances set by the Commerce Commission for both capital and operational expenditure in the default price path period 3 (DPP3). As before, our expenditure on the network is based on risk and we will prioritise expenditure on this basis.

We like all other EDBs and organisations, comply with traffic management requirements set by Transport NZ and local authorities. Increased requirements have a cost impact and can also affect network reliability if it takes longer to perform network switching during unplanned outages.

Expenditure on vegetation management is also impacted by traffic management requirements. Weather events are increasingly severe. The frequency of extreme events (eg those previously considered to have a frequency of only one in fifty or one in a hundred years) is increasing. We are looking forward to the governments revision of the *Electricity Hazards from Trees Regulation 2003*. These regulations have not enabled EDBs to effectively manage vegetation in close proximity to our infrastructure.

4.1 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

The is no material change to the forecast network capital expenditure over the DPP3 period. However, we are forecasting a 13% increase in network capital expenditure for the first four years of DPP4 compared to the forecast last year. The main reasons for this are:

- Expenditure on overhead line infrastructure coming to end of life
- Upgrading of overhead and underground low voltage lines and cables to ensure load requirements from EV chargers can be met, and to ensure "open network" architecture for the connection of distributed generation
- Upgrading of main feeders to ensure network security levels are maintained

There is a material change to non-network capital expenditure. This budget forecast is 85% higher than last year's forecast. The main reason for this is a number of IT and logistics projects that was not started in the 2019/20 financial year which has been rolled over to 2020/21.

Our overall capital expenditure forecast is 4% higher than the 2019/20 forecast for the nine overlapping years. However, our overall capital expenditure for DPP3 is in line with our allowances.

4.2 **OPERATIONAL EXPENDITURE**

There is no material change to our operational expenditure forecast. We are forecasting an operational expenditure in line with our allowances under DPP3.

5. ASSET MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

There have been no material changes to our asset management practices during the last twelve months that would affect the disclosure of Schedule 13 contents.

As mentioned in section 3 above, we are utilising our asset management system more as we continue to develop and increase the functional use of the system. Improved data quality aids in making more informed decision with respect to maintenance regimes as well as asset replacement decisions. We have developed and will be trialling an electronic project documentation issuing and as-built system to expedite and improve quality control on project documentation handling.

6. DISCLOSURE SCHEDULES 11A, 11B, 12A, 12B, 12C, 12D

6.1 FORECAST CAPITAL EXPENDITURE – SCHEDULE 11A

								AMP	Company Name Planning Period	Alpi 1 April 2	ne Energy Limite 2020 – 31 March	ed 1 2030
CHEDULE 11a: REPORT ON FORECAST CAPITAL EXPEND is schedule requires a breakdown of forecast expenditure on assets for the current disc commissioned assets (i.e., the value of RAB additions) 38 must provide explanatory comment on the difference between constant price and no nis information is not part of audited disclosure information.	ITURE closure year and a 10 yea	r planning period. Th f expenditure on asse	e forecasts should be ts in Schedule 14a (N	e consistent with the landatory Explanato	supporting informati ry Notes).	ion set out in the AM	P. The forecast is to b	e expressed in both	constant price and n	ominal dollar terms	Also required is a for	recast of the va
ref 7		Current Year CY	CY+1	CY+2	CY+3	CY+4	CY+5	CY+6	CY+7	CY+8	CY+9	CY+10
8	for year ended	31 Mar 20	31 Mar 21	31 Mar 22	31 Mar 23	31 Mar 24	31 Mar 25	31 Mar 26	31 Mar 27	31 Mar 28	31 Mar 29	31 Mar 30
9 11a(i): Expenditure on Assets Forecast		\$000 (in nominal dolla	ars)									
Consumer connection		2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2
I System growth		1,072	1,557	2,601	800	800	600	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300	1
Asset replacement and renewal		8,045	10,992	10,699	13,100	12,715	9,355	10,595	10,095	11,475	10,245	11
Asset relocations		350	620	500	500	500	500	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	
4 Reliability, safety and environment:												
5 Quality of supply		626	580	436	532	528	528	716	741	729	680	
6 Legislative and regulatory		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
7 Other reliability, safety and environment		1 201	835	630	512	485	210	4/0	1/5	150	1 180	
5 Total reliability, safety and environment		1,391	1,415	1,066	1,044	1,013	/38	1,186	916	16 654	1,180	16
Expenditure on non-network assets		2 842	1 539	10,800	626	738	793	10,081	13,311	614	760	11
Expenditure on assets		15,700	18,123	17,555	18.070	17,766	13,986	16,751	15,987	17.268	16.485	17
	L	10,700	10,125	17,555	10,070	17,700	10,000	10,751	10,007	17,200	10,405	
plus Cost of financing												
less Value of capital contributions		2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2
plus Value of vested assets												
Capital expenditure forecast		13,700	16,123	15,555	16,070	15,766	11,986	14,751	13,987	15,268	14,485	15
Assets commissioned	[10,494	17,329	12,349	16,466	12,560	13,192	11,545	15,193	12,062	15,691	12
0		Current Year CY	CY+1	CY+2	CY+3	CY+4	СҮ+5	СҮ+6	CY+7	СҮ+8	CY+9	CY+10
	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20	CY+1 31 Mar 21	CY+2 31 Mar 22	CY+3 31 Mar 23	CY+4 31 Mar 24	CY+5 31 Mar 25	CY+6 31 Mar 26	CY+7 31 Mar 27	CY+8 31 Mar 28	CY+9 31 Mar 29	CY+10 31 Mar 30
	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pric	CY+1 31 Mar 21 es)	CY+2 31 Mar 22	CY+3 31 Mar 23	CY+4 31 Mar 24	CY+5 31 Mar 25	CY+6 31 Mar 26	CY+7 31 Mar 27	CY+8 31 Mar 28	<i>СҮ+9</i> 31 Mar 29	CY+10 31 Mar 30
2 2 3 Consumer connection	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pric 2,000	CY+1 31 Mar 21 es) 1,961	CY+2 31 Mar 22 1,961	CY+3 31 Mar 23 1,961	CY+4 31 Mar 24 1,961	CY+5 31 Mar 25 1,961	<i>CY+6</i> 31 Mar 26 1,961	CY+7 31 Mar 27 1,961	CY+8 31 Mar 28 1,961	CY+9 31 Mar 29 1,961	CY+10 31 Mar 30
Consumer connection System growth	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pric 2,000 1,072	CY+1 31 Mar 21 es) 1,961 1,674	CY+2 31 Mar 22 1,961 3,187	CY+3 31 Mar 23 <u>1,961</u> 980	Сү+4 31 Mar 24 <u>1,961</u> 882	CY+5 31 Mar 25 1,961 686	CY+6 31 Mar 26 1,961 1,275	CY+7 31 Mar 27 1,961 1,275	CY+8 31 Mar 28 1,961 1,275	CY+9 31 Mar 29 1,961 1,275	CY+10 31 Mar 3
2 2 3 Consumer connection 4 System growth 5 Asset replacement and renewal	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pric 2,000 1,072 8,045	CY+1 31 Mar 21 es) 1,961 1,674 11,247	CY+2 31 Mar 22 1,961 3,187 11,960	CY+3 31 Mar 23 1,961 980 12,490	CY+4 31 Mar 24 1,961 882 12,172	CY+5 31 Mar 25 1,961 686 9,172	CY+6 31 Mar 26 1,961 1,275 10,387	CY+7 31 Mar 27 1,961 1,275 9,897	Сүн8 31 Mar 28 1,961 1,275 11,250	Сү+9 31 Mar 29 1,961 1,275 10,044	CY+10 31 Mar 30
2 2 3 Consumer connection 4 System growth 5 Asset replacement and renewal 5 Asset relocations	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pric 2,000 1,072 8,045 350	CY+1 31 Mar 21 es) 1,961 1,674 11,247 608	CY+2 31 Mar 22 1,961 3,187 11,960 490	CY+3 31 Mar 23 1,961 980 12,490 490	CY+4 31 Mar 24 1,961 882 12,172 490	CY+5 31 Mar 25 1,961 686 9,172 490	CY+6 31 Mar 26 1,961 1,275 10,387 980	CY+7 31 Mar 27 1,961 1,275 9,897 980	CY+8 31 Mar 28 1,961 1,275 11,250 980	CY+9 31 Mar 29 1,961 1,275 10,044 980	CY+10 31 Mar 30
0 1 2 3 Consumer connection 4 System growth 5 Asset replacement and renewal 6 Asset relocations 7 Reliability, safety and environment:	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 5000 (in constant pric 2,000 1,072 8,045 350	CY+1 31 Mar 21 es) 1,961 1,674 11,247 608	CY+2 31 Mar 22 1,961 3,187 11,960 490	CY+3 31 Mar 23 1,961 980 12,490 490	CY+4 31 Mar 24 1,961 882 12,172 490	CY+5 31 Mar 25 1,961 686 9,172 490	CY+6 31 Mar 26 1,961 1,275 10,387 980	CY+7 31 Mar 27 1,961 1,275 9,897 980	CY+8 31 Mar 28 1,961 1,275 11,250 980	CY+9 31 Mar 29 1,961 1,275 10,044 980	CY+10 31 Mar 3(1 2 1(
Consumer connection System growth Asset replacement and renewal Asset relocations Reliability, safety and environment: Quality of supply	for year ended	Current Yeor CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pric 2,000 1,072 8,045 350 626	CY+1 31 Mar 21 es) 1,961 1,674 11,247 608 784	CY+2 31 Mar 22 1,961 3,187 11,960 490 643	CY+3 31 Mar 23 1,961 980 12,490 490 737	CY+4 31 Mar 24 1,961 882 12,172 490 733	CY+5 31 Mar 25 1,961 686 9,172 490	CY+6 31 Mar 26 1,961 1,275 10,387 980 702	CY+7 31 Mar 27 1,961 1,275 9,897 980 726	CY+8 31 Mar 28 1,961 1,275 11,250 980 715	CY+9 31 Mar 29 1,961 1,275 10,044 980 	CY+10 31 Mar 3
0 1 2 3 Consumer connection 4 System growth 5 Asset replacement and renewal 6 Asset relocations 7 Reliability, safety and environment: 8 Quality of supply 9 Legislative and regulatory	for year ended	Current Yeor CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pric 2,000 1,072 8,045 350 	CY+1 31 Mar 21 es) 1,961 1,674 11,247 608 784 - -	CY+2 31 Mar 22 1,961 3,187 11,960 490 	CY+3 31 Mar 23 1,961 980 12,490 490 737 - -	CY+4 31 Mar 24 1,961 882 12,172 490 733 - - -	CY+5 31 Mar 25 1,961 686 9,172 490 733	CY46 31 Mar 26 1,961 1,275 10,387 980 702	CY+7 31 Mar 27 1,961 1,275 9,897 980 726	CY+8 31 Mar 28 1,961 1,275 11,250 980 715	CY+9 31 Mar 29 1,961 1,275 10,044 980 	CY+10 31 Mar 30 : : : : : :
Consumer connection System growth Asset replacement and renewal Asset relocations Reliability, safety and environment: Quality of supply Legislative and regulatory Other reliability, safety and environment	for year ended	Current Yeor CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pric 2,000 1,072 8,045 350 	CY+1 31 Mar 21 es) 1,961 1,674 11,247 608 784 - - 819 1,672	CY+2 31 Mar 22 1,961 3,187 11,960 490 	CY+3 31 Mar 23 980 12,490 490 737 - 502 1 2 20	CY44 31 Mar 24 1,961 882 12,172 490 733 475 1,200	CY45 31 Mar 25 	CY46 31 Mar 26 1,961 1,275 10,387 980 702 702 461	CY+7 31 Mar 27 1,961 1,275 9,897 980 726 726 172 800	CY+8 31 Mar 28 1,961 1,275 11,250 980 715 715 147 872	CY+9 31 Mar 29 1,961 1,275 10,044 980 	CY+10 31 Mar 31 : : : 1(
Consumer connection System growth Asset replacement and renewal Asset replacement and renewal Reliability, safety and environment: Quality of supply Legislative and regulatory Other reliability, safety and environment Total reliability, safety and environment	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pric 2,000 1,072 8,045 350 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	CY+1 31 Mar 21 es) 1,961 1,674 11,247 608 784 - 819 1,603 17,002	CY+2 31 Mar 22 1.961 3.187 11.960 490 	CY+3 31 Mar 23 1,961 980 12,490 490 - 737 - 502 1,239 17,161	CY+4 31 Mar 24 1,961 882 12,172 490 733 475 1,209 16 7.14	CY+5 31 Mar 25 1,961 686 9,172 490 	CY+6 31 Mar 26 1,961 1,275 10,387 980 702 461 1,163 15,766	CY+7 31 Mar 27 1,961 1,275 9,897 980 726 726 172 888 15 C11	CY+8 31 Mar 28 1,961 1,275 11,250 980 715 715 147 862 16 232	CY+9 31 Mar 29 1,961 1,275 10,044 980 667 490 1,155 15 412	CY+10 31 Mar 34
Consumer connection System growth Asset replacement and renewal Asset relocations Reliability, safety and environment: Quality of supply Legislative and regulatory Other reliability, safety and environment Total reliability, safety and environment Expenditure on network assets	for year ended	Current Yeor CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pric 2,000 1,072 8,045 350 	CY+1 31 Mar 21 es) 1,961 1,674 11,247 608 784 - - - 819 1,603 17,092 2,059	CY+2 31 Mar 22 1,961 3,187 11,960 490 	CY+3 31 Mar 23 1,961 980 12,490 490 	CY44 31 Mar 24 1,961 882 12,172 490 - - - - 475 1,209 16,714 671	CY+5 31 Mar 25 1,961 686 9,172 490 733 - 206 939 13,248 775	CY+6 31 Mar 26 1,961 1,275 0,387 980 702 702 461 1,163 15,766 657	CY+7 31 Mar 27 1,961 1,275 9,897 980 726 726 726 726 726 888 15,011 663	CY+8 31 Mar 28 1,961 1,275 11,250 980 715 715 715 715 715 715 715 715 715 715	CY+9 31 Mar 29 1,961 1,275 10,044 980 667 667 490 1,157 15,417 755	CY+10 31 Mar 3
2 2 3 Consumer connection 4 System growth 5 Asset replacement and renewal 5 Asset relocations 7 Reliability, safety and environment: 8 Quality of supply 9 Legislative and regulatory 0 Other reliability, safety and environment 1 Total reliability, safety and environment 2 Expenditure on network assets 4 Expenditure on assets	for year ended	Current Yeor CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pric 2,000 1,072 8,045 350 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	CY+1 31 Mar 21 es) 1,961 1,674 11,247 608 784 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	CY+2 31 Mar 22 1,961 3,187 11,960 490 	CY+3 31 Mar 23 1,961 980 12,490 490 737 - 502 1,239 17,161 563 17,724	CY44 31 Mar 24 1,961 882 12,172 490 733	CY+5 31 Mar 25 1,961 686 9,172 490 733	CY46 31 Mar 26 1,961 1,275 10,387 980 702 702 461 1,163 15,766 657 16,422	CY+7 31 Mar 27 1,961 1,275 9,897 980 726 726 726 726 898 15,011 663 613 6574	CY+8 31 Mar 28 1,961 1,275 11,250 980 715 715 715 715 715 715 715 715 715 715	CY+9 31 Mar 29 1.961 1.275 10,044 980 667 667 490 1.157 15,417 745 15,417 745 16,167	CY+10 31 Mar 30 1 2 10 10
Consumer connection System growth Asset replacement and renewal Asset relocations Reliability, safety and environment: Quality of supply Legislative and regulatory Other reliability, safety and environment Total reliability, safety and environment Expenditure on network assets Expenditure on non-network assets Expenditure on assets	for year ended	Current Yeor CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pris 2,000 1,072 8,045 350 626 - 765 1,391 12,858 2,842 15,700	CY+1 31 Mar 21 es) 1,961 1,674 11,247 608 784 - - - - 819 1,603 17,092 2,059 19,151	CY+2 31 Mar 22 1,961 3,187 11,960 490 	CY+3 31 Mar 23 1,961 980 12,490 490 737 - 502 1,239 17,161 563 17,724	CY44 31 Mar 24 1,961 882 12,172 490 733 475 1,209 16,714 671 17,385	CY+5 31 Mar 25 	CY46 31 Mar 26 1,961 1,275 10,387 980 702 702 461 1,163 15,766 657 16,422	CY+7 31 Mar 27 1,961 1,275 9,897 9,897 980 726 726 726 726 898 15,011 663 15,674	CY+8 31 Mar 28 1.961 1.275 11,250 980 715 147 147 862 16,327 602 16,929	CY+9 31 Mar 29 1,961 1,275 10,044 980 980 667 667 490 1,157 15,417 745 16,162	CY+10 31 Mar 31 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
Consumer connection System growth Asset replacement and renewal Asset reloactions Reliability, safety and environment: Quality of supply Legislative and regulatory Other reliability, safety and environment Total reliability, safety and environment Expenditure on network assets Expenditure on non-network assets Expenditure on assets Subcomponents of expenditure on assets (where known)	for year ended	Current Yeor CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pric 2,000 1,072 8,045 350 	CY+1 31 Mar 21 es) 1,961 1,674 11,247 608 784 - 819 1,603 17,092 2,059 19,151	CY+2 31 Mar 22 1,961 3,187 11,960 490 	CY+3 31 Mar 23 980 12,490 490 7337 - 502 1,239 17,161 563 17,724	CY44 31 Mar 24 	CY+5 31 Mar 25 	CY46 31 Mar 26 1,961 1,275 10,387 980 702 702 461 1,163 15,766 657 16,422	CY+7 31 Mar 27 1,961 1,275 9,897 980 726 726 727 172 888 15,011 663 15,674	CY+8 31 Mar 28 1,961 1,275 11,250 980 715 715 147 147 147 602 16,327 602 16,929	CY+9 31 Mar 29 1,961 1,275 10,044 980 	CY+10 31 Mar 31 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
Consumer connection System growth Asset replacement and renewal Asset relocations Reliability, safety and environment: Quality of supply Legislative and regulatory Other reliability, safety and environment Total reliability, safety and environment Expenditure on network assets Expenditure on non-network assets Expenditure on assets Expenditure on assets Subcomponents of expenditure on assets (where known) Energy efficiency and demand side management, reduction of energy	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pric 2,000 1,072 8,045 350 	CY+1 31 Mar 21 es) 1,961 1,674 11,247 608 784	CY+2 31 Mar 22 31 Mar 22 31 Mar 22 31 Mar 22 31 Mar 22 31 Mar 22 490 490 	CY+3 31 Mar 23 1,961 980 12,490 490 - 737 - 502 1,239 17,161 563 17,724	CY44 31 Mar 24 1,961 882 12,172 490 733 - 733 - 733 - 733 - 733 - 735 - 1,209 16,714 671 17,385	CY+5 31 Mar 25 1,961 686 9,172 490 733 - 206 939 13,248 725 13,973	CY+6 31 Mar 26 1,961 1,275 10,387 980 702 461 1,163 15,766 657 16,422	CY+7 31 Mar 27 1,961 1,275 9,897 980 726 726 172 8980 15,011 663 15,674	CY+8 31 Mar 28 1,961 1,275 11,250 980 715 715 147 862 16,327 602 16,929	CY+9 31 Mar 29 1,961 1,275 10,044 980 	CY+10 31 Mar 30 1 2 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 17
0 1 2 3 Consumer connection 4 System growth 5 Asset replacement and renewal 6 Asset relocations 7 Reliability, safety and environment: 8 Quality of supply 9 Legislative and regulatory 0 Other reliability, safety and environment 1 Total reliability, safety and environment 2 Expenditure on network assets 3 Expenditure on non-network assets 4 Expenditure on assets 5 Subcomponents of expenditure on assets (where known) 7 Energy efficiency and demand side management, reduction of energy 0 Verhead to underground conversion	for year ended	Current Yeor CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pric 2,000 1,072 8,045 350 	CY+1 31 Mar 21 es) 1,961 1,674 11,247 608 784 784 784 784 784 1,603 17,093 17,093 17,093 17,059 2,059 19,151	CY+2 31 Mar 22 	CY+3 31 Mar 23 1,961 980 12,490 490 - 737 - - 502 1,239 17,161 563 17,724	CY+4 31 Mar 24 1,961 882 12,172 490 - 733	CY+5 31 Mar 25 1,961 686 9,172 490 - - - 206 939 13,248 725 13,973	CY+6 31 Mar 26 1,961 1,275 10,387 980 702 702 461 1,163 15,766 657 16,422	CY+7 31 Mar 27 1,961 1,275 9,897 980 726 726 726 726 726 63 15,674	CY+8 31 Mar 28 1,961 1,275 11,250 980 715 715 147 862 16,327 602 16,929	CY+9 31 Mar 29 1,961 1,275 10,044 980 667 667 490 1,157 15,417 735 16,162	CY+10 31 Mar 30 1 1 2 10 10 10 16 16

51				Current Year CY	CY+1	CY+2	CY+3	CY+4	CY+5	CY+6	CY+7	CY+8	CY+9	CY+10
52	Diff		for year ended	31 Mar 20	31 Mar 21	31 Mar 22	31 Mar 23	31 Mar 24	31 Mar 25	31 Mar 26	31 Mar 27	31 Mar 28	31 Mar 29	31 Mar 30
53	Diffe	rence between nominal and constant price forecasts	Г	\$000	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
54		Consumer connection	-	-	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
55		Asset conference and concurat	-	-	(117)	(586)	(180)	(82)	(86)	25	25	25	25	217
57		Asset relocations	-	-	(233)	(1,201)	10	543	103	208	198	223	201	217
58		Reliability safety and environment:	L		12	10	10	10	10	20	20	20	20	
59		Quality of supply	Г	-	(204)	(207)	(205)	(205)	(205)	14	15	14	13	13
60		Legislative and regulatory	-	-	-	-	(203)	-	(200)	-	-		-	
61		Other reliability, safety and environment	-	-	16	12	10	10	4	9	3	3	10	2
62		Total reliability, safety and environment	ſ	-	(188)	(195)	(195)	(196)	(201)	23	18	17	23	16
63	Exp	enditure on network assets	ſ	-	(508)	(1,993)	283	314	(55)	315	300	327	308	327
64		Expenditure on non-network assets	Ī	-	(520)	(428)	63	66	68	13	13	12	15	14
65	Exp	enditure on assets		-	(1,028)	(2,420)	346	380	13	328	313	339	323	341
66			-											
67				Current Year CY	CY+1	CY+2	CY+3	CY+4	CY+5					
			for year ended	31 Mar 20	31 Mar 21	31 Mar 22	31 Mar 23	31 Mar 24	31 Mar 25					
68	11a(ii): (Consumer Connection												
69		Consumer types defined by EDB*	:	\$000 (in constant pri	ces)									
70		Low User Charge		100	98	98	98	98	98					
71		015		280	275	275	275	275	275					
72		360	_	240	235	235	235	235	235					
73		Assessed	_	460	451	451	451	451	451					
74		TOU400		920	902	902	902	902	902					
75		*include additional rows if needed	-											
76	Cor	nsumer connection expenditure		2,000	1,961	1,961	1,961	1,961	1,961					
77	less	Capital contributions funding consumer connection	-	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500					
78	Cor	nsumer connection less capital contributions	L	500	461	461	461	461	461					
79	11a(iii):	System Growth												
80		Subtransmission	F	-										
81		Zone substations	-	2	2	1 962	196	196						
82		Distribution and LV lines	-	265	564	-		-	-					
83		Distribution and LV cables	-	300	294	294	294	294	294					
84		Distribution substations and transformers	Ī	120	147	147	147	147	147					
85		Distribution switchgear	Ī	235	147	147	147	147	147					
86		Other network assets		150	373	-	-	-	-					
87	Sys	tem growth expenditure		1,072	1,526	2,550	784	784	588					
88	less	Capital contributions funding system growth		300	300	300	300	300	300					
89	Sys	tem growth less capital contributions		772	1,226	2,250	484	484	288					
90														

91 92		for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20	CY+1 31 Mar 21	CY+2 31 Mar 22	CY+3 31 Mar 23	CY+4 31 Mar 24	CY+5 31 Mar 25
93	11a(iv): Asset Replacement and Renewal		\$000 (in constant pr	ices)				
94	Subtransmission		100	294	225	29	-	-
95	Zone substations		555	1,569	1,304	3,382	3,137	696
96	Distribution and LV lines		3,870	5,712	5,433	5,387	5,990	5,539
97	Distribution and LV cables		700	981	637	1,382	686	735
98	Distribution substations and transformers		1,770	1,618	1,667	1,667	1,667	1,667
99	Distribution switchgear		130	98	49	-	-	-
100	Other network assets		920	505	1,174	995	985	534
101	Asset replacement and renewal expenditure		8,045	10,776	10,489	12,843	12,466	9,172
102	less Capital contributions funding asset replacement and renewal		200	200	200	200	200	200
103	Asset replacement and renewal less capital contributions	l	7,845	10,576	10,289	12,643	12,266	8,972
104								
105			Current Year CY	CY+1	CY+2	CY+3	CY+4	CY+5
106		for year ended	31 Mar 20	31 Mar 21	31 Mar 22	31 Mar 23	31 Mar 24	31 Mar 25
107	11a(v): Asset Relocations							
108	Project or programme*		\$000 (in constant pr	ices)				
109	Customer requested relocations		350	608	490	490	490	490
110	[Description of material project or programme]							
111	[Description of material project or programme]							
112	[Description of material project or programme]							
113	[Description of material project or programme]							
114	*include additional rows if needed							
115	All other project or programmes - asset relocations							
116	Asset relocations expenditure		350	608	490	490	490	490
117	less Capital contributions funding asset relocations							
118	Asset relocations less capital contributions	l de la constante de	350	608	490	490	490	490
119								
120			Current Year CY	CY+1	CY+2	CY+3	CY+4	CY+5
121		for year ended	31 Mar 20	31 Mar 21	31 Mar 22	31 Mar 23	31 Mar 24	31 Mar 25
122	11a(vi): Quality of Supply							
123	Project or programme*		\$000 (in constant pr	ices)				
124	New ABS & automated devices		120	98	98	98	98	98
125	New RMUs		100	98	98	98	98	98
126	New Reclosers		300	98	98	98	98	98
	New Comms site			78				
127	AMG upgrade			147				
128	SCADA pole top automation		50	49	98	98	98	98
129	*include additional rows if needed		-					
130	All other projects or programmes - quality of supply		56		35	129	125	125
131	Quality of supply expenditure		626	569	427	522	518	518
132	less Capital contributions funding quality of supply							
133	Quality of supply less capital contributions		626	569	427	522	518	518
134								

135 136		for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20	CY+1 31 Mar 21	CY+2 31 Mar 22	CY+3 31 Mar 23	CY+4 31 Mar 24	CY+5 31 Mar 25
127	11a(vii): Legislative and Regulatory							
137	Project or programme*		\$000 (in constant pr	ices)				
139	[Description of material project or programme]		çooo (in constant p	10007				
140	[Description of material project or programme]							
141	[Description of material project or programme]							
142	[Description of material project or programme]							
143	[Description of material project or programme]							
144	*include additional rows if needed							
145	All other projects or programmes - legislative and regulatory							
146	Legislative and regulatory expenditure		-	-	-	-	-	-
147	less Capital contributions funding legislative and regulatory							
148	Legislative and regulatory less capital contributions		-	-	-	-	-	-
149								
150			Current Year CY	CY+1	CY+2	CY+3	CY+4	CY+5
		for year ended	31 Mar 20	31 Mar 21	31 Mar 22	31 Mar 23	31 Mar 24	31 Mar 25
151	11a(viii): Other Reliability, Safety and Environment							
152	Project or programme*		\$000 (in constant pr	ices)		r		
153	Abloy locks		100					
154	SCADA Mater station module		50					
155	[Description of material project or programme]							
150	[Description of material project or programme]							
158	*include additional rows if needed					L		
159	All other projects or programmes - other reliability, safety and environment	t	615	819	618	502	475	206
160	Other reliability, safety and environment expenditure		765	819	618	502	475	206
161	less Capital contributions funding other reliability, safety and environment							
162								
-	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions		765	819	618	502	475	206
163	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions	l	765	819	618	502	475	206
163	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions	I	765	819	618	502	475	206
163 164	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions		765 Current Year CY	CY+1	618 CY+2	502 CY+3 21 Mar 23	475 CY+4 21 May 24	206 CY+5
163 164 165	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions	for year ended	765 Current Year CY 31 Mar 20	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21	618 <i>CY+2</i> 31 Mar 22	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25
163 164 165 166	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions 11a(ix): Non-Network Assets	for year ended	765 Current Year CY 31 Mar 20	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25
163 164 165 166 167	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions 11a(ix): Non-Network Assets Routine expenditure	for year ended	765 Current Year CY 31 Mar 20	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25
163 164 165 166 167 168	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions 11a(ix): Non-Network Assets Routine expenditure <u>Project or programme*</u>	for year ended	765 Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pr	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21 ices)	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25
163 164 165 166 167 168 169	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions 11a(ix): Non-Network Assets Routine expenditure Project or programme* IT	for year ended	765 Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pr 957	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21 ices) 649	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22 620	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23 430	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24 474	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25 396
163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions 11a(ix): Non-Network Assets Routine expenditure Project or programme* IT Equipment	for year ended	765 Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pr 957 615	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21 ices) 649 50	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22 620 55	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23 430 184	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24 474 187	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25 396 191
163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions 11a(ix): Non-Network Assets Routine expenditure Project or programme* IT Equipment Vehicles IT IT Equipment Vehicles IT	for year ended	765 Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pr 957 615 170	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21 ices) 649 50 168	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22 620 55	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23 430 184 -	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24 474 187 62	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25 396 191 127
163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions 11a(ix): Non-Network Assets Routine expenditure Project or programme* IT Equipment Vehicles [Description of material project or programme] [Contemport of the second secon	for year ended	765 Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pr 957 615 170	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21 ices) 649 50 168	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22 620 55	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23 430 184	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24 474 187 62	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25 396 191 127
163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions 11a(ix): Non-Network Assets Routine expenditure Project or programme* IT Equipment Vehicles [Description of material project or programme] [Description of material project or programme] [Description of material project or programme]	for year ended	765 Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pr 957 615 170	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21 ices) 649 50 168	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22 620 55	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23 430 184	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24 474 187 62	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25 396 191 127
163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions 11a(ix): Non-Network Assets Routine expenditure Project or programme* IT Equipment Vehicles [Description of material project or programme] All other origination rows if needed All other origination rows if needed	for year ended	765 Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pr 957 615 170	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21 ices) 649 50 168	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22 620 55	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23 430 184 -	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24 474 187 62	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25 396 191 127
163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions 11a(ix): Non-Network Assets Routine expenditure Project or programme* IT Equipment Vehicles [Description of material project or programme] [Description of material project or programme] IDescription of programmes - routine expenditure Brutine expenditure Brutine expenditure	for year ended	765 Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pr 957 615 170	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21 ices) 649 50 168 867	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22 620 55 	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23 430 184 	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24 474 187 62	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25 396 191 127 27
163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions 111a(ix): Non-Network Assets Routine expenditure Project or programme* [IT Equipment Vehicles [Description of material project or programme] [Description of material project or programme] [Description of material project or programme] Nuclea expenditure Atvicel expenditure Atvicel expenditure	for year ended	765 <i>Current Year CY</i> 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pr 957 615 170 1,742	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21 ices) 649 50 168 867	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22 620 55 	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23 430 184 	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24 474 187 62 	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25 396 191 127 27 2714
163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions	for year ended	765 Current Yeor CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pr 957 615 170 1,742	819 <i>CY+1</i> 31 Mar 21 (ces) 649 50 168 168 867	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22 620 55	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23 430 184 	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24 474 187 62 	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25 396 191 127 27 27 4
163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions 11a(ix): Non-Network Assets Routine expenditure Project or programme* IT Equipment Vehicles [Description of material project or programme] Description of material project or programme] IDescription of material project or programme] All other projects or programmes - routine expenditure Routine expenditure Atypical expenditure Project or programme*	for year ended	765 Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pr 957 615 170 1,742 1,742 1,100	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21 ices) 649 50 168 867 867	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22 620 55 	502 <i>CY+3</i> 31 Mar 23 430 184 	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24 474 187 62 723	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25 396 191 127 127 714
163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions 11a(ix): Non-Network Assets Routine expenditure Project or programme* IT Equipment Vehicles [Description of material project or programme] [Description of material project or programme] All other projects or programmes - routine expenditure Routine expenditure Project or programme* Property [Description of material project or programme]	for year ended	765 Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pr 957 615 170 1,742 1,742	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21 ices) 649 50 168 867 867 642	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22 620 55 	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23 430 184 - - - 614	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24 474 187 62 723	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25 396 191 127 127 714 714
163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions	for year ended	765 Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pr 957 615 170 1,742 1,742 1,100	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21 (ces) 649 50 168 867 867 642	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22 620 55 	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23 430 184 	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24 474 187 62 723	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25 396 191 127 127 714 64
163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions	for year ended	765 Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pr 957 615 170 1,702 1,742 1,100	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21 ices) 649 50 168 867 867	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22 620 55 	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23 430 184 	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24 474 187 62 723	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25 396 191 127 714 714 64
163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions	for year ended	765 Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pr 957 615 170 1,742 1,100	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21 ices) 649 50 168 867 642 642	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22 620 55 	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23 430 184 	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24 474 187 62 723	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25 396 191 127 714 714
163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions	for year ended	765 Current Yeor CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pr 957 615 170 1,742 1,100	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21 ices) 649 50 168 867 642 642	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22 620 55 	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23 430 184 	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24 474 187 62 723	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25 396 191 127 714 64
163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions	for year ended	765 Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pr 957 615 170 1,742 1,100	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21 ices) 649 50 168 867 642 642	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22 620 55 	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23 430 184 614	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24 474 187 62 723	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25
163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions J1a(ix): Non-Network Assets Routine expenditure Project or programme* IT Equipment Vehicles [Description of material project or programme] Description of material project or programme] Description of material project or programme] All other projects or programmes *include additional rows if needed All other project or programme* Project or programme* Project or programme* [Description of material project or programme] [Descr	for year ended	765 Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pr 957 615 170 1,742 1,742 1,100 1,100	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21 ices) 649 50 168 867 642 642	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22 620 55 	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23 430 184 	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24 474 187 62 723	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25 396 191 127 714 714 64
163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187	Other reliability, safety and environment less capital contributions Jack (ix): Non-Network Assets Routine expenditure Project or programme* It Equipment Vehicles [Description of material project or programme] [Description of material project or programme] It ded additional rows if needed Ald the projects or programmes* Property [Description of material project or programme] [Description of material project or programme] Description of material project or programme] [Description of material project or programme]	for year ended	765 Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 \$000 (in constant pr 957 615 170 1,742 1,742 1,100 1,100	819 CY+1 31 Mar 21 ices) 649 50 168 867 642 642 642 642	618 CY+2 31 Mar 22 620 55 	502 CY+3 31 Mar 23 430 184 	475 CY+4 31 Mar 24 474 187 62 723 723	206 CY+5 31 Mar 25 396 191 127 227 714 64 64

6.2 **FORECAST OPERATIONAL EXPENDITURE – SCHEDULE 11B**

										Company Name	Alp	oine Energy Limit	ted
									AMI	P Planning Period	1 Apri	2020 – 31 Marc	h 2030
	SCHEDULE 11b: REPORT ON FORECAS	ST OPERATIONAL EXPEND	ITURE										
-	This schedule requires a breakdown of forecast operationa	al expenditure for the disclosure year an	d a 10 year planning	period. The forecast	s should be consiste	nt with the supportin	g information set out	t in the AMP. The for	ecast is to be express	ed in both constant	price and nominal do	llar terms.	
E	EDBs must provide explanatory comment on the difference	between constant price and nominal do	llar operational expe	enditure forecasts in	Schedule 14a (Mand	atory Explanatory No	tes).						
1	This information is not part of audited disclosure informat	tion.											
sci	ich ref												
	7		Current Year CY	CY+1	CY+2	CY+3	CY+4	CY+5	CY+6	CY+7	CY+8	CY+9	CY+10
	8	for year ended	31 Mar 20	31 Mar 21	31 Mar 22	31 Mar 23	31 Mar 24	31 Mar 25	31 Mar 26	31 Mar 27	31 Mar 28	31 Mar 29	31 Mar 30
	Operational Expanditure Forecast		¢000 (in nominal dal	lars)									
1	10 Service interruptions and emergencies	1	1 785	2 142	2 185	2 229	2 273	2 319	2 365	2 412	2 460	2 510	2 560
1	11 Vegetation management		816	849	866	883	901	919	937	956	975	994	1,014
1	12 Routine and corrective maintenance and	d inspection	2,754	3,060	3,121	3,184	3,247	3,312	3,378	3,446	3,515	3,585	3,657
1	13 Asset replacement and renewal		714	306	312	318	325	331	338	345	351	359	366
1	14 Network Opex		6,069	6,357	6,484	6,613	6,746	6,881	7,018	7,159	7,302	7,448	7,597
1	15 System operations and network support		4,721	4,254	4,339	4,426	4,515	4,605	4,697	4,791	4,887	4,985	5,084
1	16 Business support		9,367	8,172	8,306	9,437	10,071	10,208	10,347	10,489	10,634	10,782	10,998
1	17 Non-network opex 18 Operational expenditure		20 157	12,426	12,645	20 476	21 332	14,813	22.062	22 439	22 823	23 215	23 679
		Ľ	20,207	10,700	15,125	20,170	21,552	21,051	22,002	22,100	22,025	20,210	20,070
1	19		Current Year CY	CY+1	CY+2	CY+3	CY+4	CY+5	CY+6	CY+7	CY+8	CY+9	CY+10
2	20	for year ended	31 Mar 20	31 Mar 21	31 Mar 22	31 Mar 23	31 Mar 24	31 Mar 25	31 Mar 26	31 Mar 27	31 Mar 28	31 Mar 29	31 Mar 30
	21		¢000 (in constant avi										
2	22 Service interruptions and emergencies	1	1 785	2 100	2 100	2 100	2 100	2 100	2 100	2 100	2 100	2 100	2 100
2	23 Vegetation management		816	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832	832
2	24 Routine and corrective maintenance and	d inspection	2,754	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
2	25 Asset replacement and renewal		714	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300	300
2	26 Network Opex		6,069	6,232	6,232	6,232	6,232	6,232	6,232	6,232	6,232	6,232	6,232
2	27 System operations and network support		4,721	4,171	4,171	4,171	4,171	4,171	4,171	4,171	4,171	4,171	4,171
2	29 Non-network onex		14 088	12 182	12 154	13 063	13 475	13 417	13 359	13 302	13 247	13 193	13 193
3	30 Operational expenditure		20,157	18,414	18,386	19,295	19,707	19,649	19,591	19,534	19,479	19,425	19,425
		-							•				
З	31 Subcomponents of operational expendit	ure (where known)											
3	32 Energy efficiency and demand side man	agement, reduction of		-					I	1	1		
i.	33 energy losses												
	35 Research and Development												
3	36 Insurance		249	249	249	249	249	249	249	249	249	249	249
3	37 * Direct billing expenditure by suppliers that direct bill the	e majority of their consumers											
3	38												
Э	39		Current Year CY	CY+1	CY+2	СҮ+3	CY+4	CY+5	СҮ+6	CY+7	CY+8	СҮ+9	CY+10
4	40	for year ended	31 Mar 20	31 Mar 21	31 Mar 22	31 Mar 23	31 Mar 24	31 Mar 25	31 Mar 26	31 Mar 27	31 Mar 28	31 Mar 29	31 Mar 30
4	41 Difference between nominal and real for	ecasts	\$000										
4	42 Service interruptions and emergencies		-	42	85	129	173	219	265	312	360	410	460
4	43 Vegetation management		-	17	34	51	69	87	105	124	143	162	182
4	44 Routine and corrective maintenance and	d inspection	-	60	121	184	247	312	378	446	515	585	657
4	45 Asset replacement and renewal		-	6	12	18	25	31	38	45	51	59	66
4	46 Network Opex		-	125	252	381	514	649	786	927	1,070	1,216	1,365
2	48 Business support		-	83	323	544	767	434	1.159	1.358	1.558	1.760	913
4	49 Non-network opex		-	244	491	800	1,111	1,396	1,685	1,978	2,274	2,574	2,889
5	50 Operational expenditure		-	368	743	1,181	1,625	2,045	2,472	2,904	3,344	3,790	4,254

6.3 FORECAST ASSET CONDITION - SCHEDULE 12A

SCHEDULE 12a: REPORT ON ASSET CONDITION

This schedule requires a breakdown of asset condition by asset class as at the start of the forecast year. The data accuracy assessment relates to the percentage values disclosed in the asset condition columns. Also required is a forecast of the percentage of units to be replaced in the next 5 years. All information should be consistent with the information provided in the AMP and the expenditure on assets forecast in Schedule 11a. All units relating to cable and line assets, that are expressed in km, refer to circuit lengths.

sch r	ef											
7						Ass	et condition at st	art of planning pe	eriod (percenta	ge of units by grad	e)	
8	Voltage	Asset category	Asset class	Units	H1	H2	НЗ	Н4	H5	Grade unknown	Data accuracy (1–4)	% of asset forecast to be replaced in next 5 years
10	All	Overhead Line	Concrete poles / steel structure	No.			28.62%	38.53%	32.85%		3	-
11	All	Overhead Line	Wood poles	No.	16.71%	12.84%	23.13%	16.78%	22.84%	7.70%	3	6.00%
12	All	Overhead Line	Other pole types	No.								
13	HV	Subtransmission Line	Subtransmission OH up to 66kV conductor	km	-	2.15%	32.41%	26.59%	38.85%	-	3	-
14	HV	Subtransmission Line	Subtransmission OH 110kV+ conductor	km								
15	HV	Subtransmission Cable	Subtransmission UG up to 66kV (XLPE)	km	-	-	-	13.00%	87.00%	-	4	-
16	HV	Subtransmission Cable	Subtransmission UG up to 66kV (Oil pressurised)	km								
17	HV	Subtransmission Cable	Subtransmission UG up to 66kV (Gas pressurised)	km								
18	HV	Subtransmission Cable	Subtransmission UG up to 66kV (PILC)	km								
19	HV	Subtransmission Cable	Subtransmission UG 110kV+ (XLPE)	km								
20	HV	Subtransmission Cable	Subtransmission UG 110kV+ (Oil pressurised)	km								
21	HV	Subtransmission Cable	Subtransmission UG 110kV+ (Gas Pressurised)	km								
22	HV	Subtransmission Cable	Subtransmission UG 110kV+ (PILC)	km								
23	HV	Subtransmission Cable	Subtransmission submarine cable	km								
24	HV	Zone substation Buildings	Zone substations up to 66kV	No.	4.00%	-	32.00%	-	64.00%		4	4.00%
25	HV	Zone substation Buildings	Zone substations 110kV+	No.								
26	HV	Zone substation switchgear	22/33kV CB (Indoor)	No.					100.00%		4	-
27	HV	Zone substation switchgear	22/33kV CB (Outdoor)	No.	7.69%	11.54%	-	19.23%	61.54%		3	7.69%
28	HV	Zone substation switchgear	33kV Switch (Ground Mounted)	No.	-	-	-	-	100.00%	-	4	-
29	HV	Zone substation switchgear	33kV Switch (Pole Mounted)	No.	18.10%	12.07%	6.90%	11.21%	51.72%	-	3	5.00%
30	HV	Zone substation switchgear	33kV RMU	No.								
31	HV	Zone substation switchgear	50/66/110kV CB (Indoor)	No.								
32	HV	Zone substation switchgear	50/66/110kV CB (Outdoor)	No.					100.00%		4	-
33	HV	Zone substation switchgear	3.3/6.6/11/22kV CB (ground mounted)	No.	5.23%	-	5.23%	18.61%	70.93%	-	4	4.88%
34	HV	Zone substation switchgear	3.3/6.6/11/22kV CB (pole mounted)	No.				50.00%	50.00%		3	-
35												

36						Asse	t condition at sta	art of planning pe	riod (percenta	ge of units by grad	le)	
37	Voltage	Asset category	Asset class	Units	H1	H2	H3	H4	H5	Grade unknown	Data accuracy (1–4)	% of asset forecast to be replaced in next 5 years
39	HV	Zone Substation Transformer	Zone Substation Transformers	No.		3.45%	24.14%	17.24%	55.17%		4	7.40%
40	HV	Distribution Line	Distribution OH Open Wire Conductor	km	0.10%	32.80%	23.40%	14.30%	29.40%	-	3	1.00%
41	HV	Distribution Line	Distribution OH Aerial Cable Conductor	km								
42	HV	Distribution Line	SWER conductor	km		100.00%					3	-
43	HV	Distribution Cable	Distribution UG XLPE or PVC	km	0.30%	0.30%	3.60%	5.20%	90.60%	-	3	0.50%
44	HV	Distribution Cable	Distribution UG PILC	km	-	-	-	73.00%	27.00%	-	3	-
45	HV	Distribution Cable	Distribution Submarine Cable	km								
46	HV	Distribution switchgear	3.3/6.6/11/22kV CB (pole mounted) - reclosers and sectionalisers	No.	1.72%	-	6.90%	37.93%	53.45%	-	3	1.72%
47	HV	Distribution switchgear	3.3/6.6/11/22kV CB (Indoor)	No.								
48	HV	Distribution switchgear	3.3/6.6/11/22kV Switches and fuses (pole mounted)	No.	18.77%	6.09%	6.03%	19.02%	50.09%	-	2	6.00%
49	HV	Distribution switchgear	3.3/6.6/11/22kV Switch (ground mounted) - except RMU	No.	-	-	10.00%	15.00%	75.00%	-	3	-
50	HV	Distribution switchgear	3.3/6.6/11/22kV RMU	No.	2.87%	21.05%	26.32%	14.59%	35.17%	-	3	5.00%
51	HV	Distribution Transformer	Pole Mounted Transformer	No.	1.31%	31.40%	23.22%	26.20%	17.87%	-	3	1.31%
52	HV	Distribution Transformer	Ground Mounted Transformer	No.	1.17%	13.81%	20.04%	37.18%	27.80%	-	3	1.25%
53	HV	Distribution Transformer	Voltage regulators	No.			-	26.87%	73.13%		4	-
54	HV	Distribution Substations	Ground Mounted Substation Housing	No.								
55	LV	LV Line	LV OH Conductor	km	0.10%	4.00%	54.50%	34.10%	7.30%	-	2	1.00%
56	LV	LV Cable	LV UG Cable	km	0.09%	2.15%	21.15%	47.37%	29.24%	-	2	1.00%
57	LV	LV Streetlighting	LV OH/UG Streetlight circuit	km								
58	LV	Connections	OH/UG consumer service connections	No.								
59	All	Protection	Protection relays (electromechanical, solid state and numeric)	No.	4.72%	-	6.88%	59.33%	29.07%		4	4.00%
60	All	SCADA and communications	SCADA and communications equipment operating as a single system	Lot	-	9.00%	1.00%	11.00%	79.00%		2	
61	All	Capacitor Banks	Capacitors including controls	No.	-	5.89%	11.76%	23.53%	58.82%	ļ	3	6.00%
62	All	Load Control	Centralised plant	Lot	8.00%	-	17.00%	25.00%	50.00%	ļ	3	8.00%
63	All	Load Control	Relays	No.	4.00%			20.00%	76.00%	ļ	2	
64	Δ11	Civils	Cable Tunnels	km					100.00%		4	

6.4 **FORECAST CAPACITY – SCHEDULE 12B**

DU dule uld r	LE 12b: REPORT ON FORECAST CAPACIT e requires a breakdown of current and forecast capacity and ut relate to the operation of the network in its normal steady stat	TY tilisation for each zone substation te configuration.	on and current distr	ibution transformer ca	pacity. The data provi	ded should be consi	stent with the informa	tion provided in the	Company Name AMP Planning Period	Alpine Energy Limited 1 April 2020 – 31 March 2030
12	b(i): System Growth - Zone Substations	Current Peak Load (MVA)	Installed Firm Capacity (MVA)	Security of Supply Classification (type)	Transfer Capacity (MVA)	Utilisation of Installed Firm Capacity %	Installed Firm Capacity +5 years (MVA)	Utilisation of Installed Firm Capacity + 5yrs %	Installed Firm Capacity Constraint +5 years (cause)	Explanation
	Albury (ABY)	4.55	-	N	-	-	-		No constraint within +5 years	Meets Alpine security standard
	Balmoral (BML)	#N/A	-	N	-	-	-		No constraint within +5 years	Meets Alpine security standard
	Bells Pond (BPD)	15.63	20.00	N-1	-	78%	20.00	1.27	Transformer	T1 installed FY18/19, T2 to be upgraded to relieve constraint
	Clandeboye 1 (CD1)	14.18	20.00	N-1	-	71%	30.00	0.65	Transformer	Upgrade transformers to relieve constraint
	Clandeboye 2 (CD2)	18.85	25.00	N-1	-	75%	25.00	0.88	No constraint within +5 years	Meets Alpine Security standard due to sufficient 11 kV backup
	Cooney's Road (CNR)	4.14	-	Ν	1.8/0.8/0.6*	-	-		No constraint within +5 years	Meets Alpine security standard
	Fairlie (FLE)	2.83	-	N	-	-	-	-	No constraint within +5 years	Meets Alpine security standard
	Geraldine (GLD)	6.40	-	N	-	-	7.50	0.95	No constraint within +5 years	Options being assessed to upgrade installed firm capacity
	Haldon Lilybank (HLB)	0.52	-	N	-	-	-	-	No constraint within +5 years	Meets Alpine security standard
	Pareora (PAR)	10.31	15.00	N-1	-	69%	15.00	0.74	No constraint within +5 years	Meets Alpine security standard
	Pleasant Point (PLP)	5.00	-	N	-	-	-	-	No constraint within +5 years	Meets Alpine security standard
	Rangitata (RGA)	10.41	10.00	N-1	-	104%	10.00	1.10	Subtransmission circuit	Line capacity constraint, sufficient 11 kV backup in place
	Studholme (STU)	14.12	10.00	N-1	-	141%	10.00	1.91	Transpower	Transpower two 11 MVA transformers, load shedding/shift req
	Tekapo Village (TEK)	3.95	-	N	-	-	15.00	0.72	Subtransmission circuit	Options being assessed to upgrade installed firm capacity
	Temuka (TMK)	13.71	25.00	N-1	-	55%	25.00	0.58	No constraint within +5 years	Meets Alpine Security standard
	Timaru 11/33 kV (TIM)	17.37	25.00	N-1 Switched	-	69%	25.00	0.75	No constraint within +5 years	Meets Alpine Security standard
	Twizel Village (TVS)	3.92	-	N	-	-	6.25	0.80	No constraint within +5 years	Options being assessed to upgrade installed firm capacity
	Unwin Hut (UHT)	0.99	-	N	-	-	-		No constraint within +5 years	Meets Alpine security standard
	[Zone Substation_19]					-			[Select one]	
	[Zone Substation 20]								[Select one]	

6.5 **FORECAST NETWORK DEMAND – SCHEDULE 12C**

					Company Name	Alpi	ne Energy Limite	ed
50				AMP	Planning Perioa	1 April		2030
This	Schedule requires a forecast of new connections (by consumer type), peak demand and energy volumes for the	ne disclosure year and a 5 y	ear planning period.	The forecasts shoul	d be consistent with t	he supporting inform	nation set out in the A	MP as well as the
assu	mpuons used in developing the expenditure forecasts in Schedule 112 and Schedule 110 and the capacity an	d dunisation forecasts in sc	.nedure 12b.					
sch ref								
7	12c(i): Consumer Connections							
, 8	Number of ICPs connected in very by consumer type				Number of c	onnections		
9	Number of icr's connected in year by consumer type		Current Year CY	CY+1	CY+2	CY+3	CY+4	СҮ+5
10		for year ended	31 Mar 20	31 Mar 21	31 Mar 22	31 Mar 23	31 Mar 24	31 Mar 25
11	Consumer types defined by EDB*	_						
12	Low Charge		11,249	11,351	11,454	11,558	11,663	11,769
13	Low Uncontrolled	_	45	46	46	47	47	48
14	015	_	18,997	19,169	19,343	19,519	19,696	19,874
15	015 Uncontrolled	_	76	77	78	78	79	80
16	360	_	1,259	1,270	1,282	1,293	1,305	1,317
17	360 Uncontrolled	_	29	30	30	30	30	31
18	Assessed	-	1,694	1,709	1,725	1,740	1,756	1,772
19		-	141	143	144	145	146	148
20	TOU 11kV	-	10	10	10	10	10	11
21	Connections total	F	22 5 1 2	22 917	24 124	24 422	24 746	25.061
22	*include additional rows if needed	L	55,515	55,617	54,124	54,455	54,740	35,061
24	Distributed generation							
25	Number of connections	Γ	428	494	559	624	689	754
26	Capacity of distributed generation installed in year (MVA)		2	2	3	3	3	4
27								
	12c(ii) System Demand							
28	12c(ii) System Demand		Current Year CY	CY+1	СҮ+2	CY+3	CY+4	CY+5
28 29	12c(ii) System Demand Maximum coincident system demand (MW)	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20	CY+1 31 Mar 21	CY+2 31 Mar 22	CY+3 31 Mar 23	CY+4 31 Mar 24	СҮ+5 31 Mar 25
28 29 30	12c(ii) System Demand Maximum coincident system demand (MW) GXP demand	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 140	CY+1 31 Mar 21 143	Сү+2 31 Mar 22 145	CY+3 31 Mar 23	CY+4 31 Mar 24 151	CY+5 31 Mar 25 153
28 29 30 31	12c(ii) System Demand Maximum coincident system demand (MW) GXP demand plus Distributed generation output at HV and above Maximum coincident entropy demand	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 140 2	<i>CY+1</i> 31 Mar 21 143 2	CY+2 31 Mar 22 145 2	CY+3 31 Mar 23 148 3	CY+4 31 Mar 24 151 3	CY+5 31 Mar 25 153 3
28 29 30 31 32 33	12c(ii) System Demand Maximum coincident system demand (MW) GXP demand plus Distributed generation output at HV and above Maximum coincident system demand less Net transfers to (from) other EDBs at HV and above	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 140 2 142	CY+1 31 Mar 21 143 2 145	CY+2 31 Mar 22 145 2 148	CY+3 31 Mar 23 148 3 150	CY+4 31 Mar 24 151 3 153	CY+5 31 Mar 25 153 3 156
28 29 30 31 32 33 34	12c(ii) System Demand Maximum coincident system demand (MW) GXP demand plus Distributed generation output at HV and above Maximum coincident system demand less Net transfers to (from) other EDBs at HV and above Demand on system for supply to consumers' connection points	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 140 2 142 - 142	CY+1 31 Mar 21 143 2 145	CY+2 31 Mar 22 145 2 148 148	CY+3 31 Mar 23 148 3 150 150	CY+4 31 Mar 24 151 3 153	CY+5 31 Mar 25 153 3 156
28 29 30 31 32 33 34	12c(ii) System Demand Maximum coincident system demand (MW) GXP demand plus Distributed generation output at HV and above Maximum coincident system demand less Net transfers to (from) other EDBs at HV and above Demand on system for supply to consumers' connection points	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 140 2 142 - 142	CY+1 31 Mar 21 143 2 145 145	CY+2 31 Mar 22 145 2 148 148	CY+3 31 Mar 23 148 3 150 150	CY+4 31 Mar 24 151 3 153	CY+5 31 Mar 25 153 3 156 156
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	12c(ii) System Demand Maximum coincident system demand (MW) GXP demand plus Distributed generation output at HV and above Maximum coincident system demand less Net transfers to (from) other EDBs at HV and above Demand on system for supply to consumers' connection points Electricity volumes carried (GWh)	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 140 2 142 - 142	CY+1 31 Mar 21 143 2 145 145	CY+2 31 Mar 22 145 2 148 148	CY+3 31 Mar 23 148 3 150 150	CY+4 31 Mar 24 151 3 153 153	CY+5 31 Mar 25 153 3 156 156
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	12c(ii) System Demand Maximum coincident system demand (MW) GXP demand plus Distributed generation output at HV and above Maximum coincident system demand less Net transfers to (from) other EDBs at HV and above Demand on system for supply to consumers' connection points Electricity volumes carried (GWh) Electricity supplied from GXPs	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 140 2 4 142 4 142 142 8 2 820	CY+1 31 Mar 21 143 2 145 145 835	CY+2 31 Mar 22 145 2 148 148 850	CY+3 31 Mar 23 148 3 150 150 150	CY+4 31 Mar 24 151 3 153 153 153	CY+5 31 Mar 25 153 3 156 156 897
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	12c(ii) System Demand Maximum coincident system demand (MW) GXP demand plus Distributed generation output at HV and above Maximum coincident system demand less Net transfers to (from) other EDBs at HV and above Demand on system for supply to consumers' connection points Electricity volumes carried (GWh) Electricity supplied from GXPs less Electricity exports to GXPs	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	CY+1 31 Mar 21 143 2 145 145 	CY+2 31 Mar 22 145 2 148 148 148 850 17	CY+3 31 Mar 23 148 3 150 150 150 865 18	CY+4 31 Mar 24 151 3 153 153 153 881 881 18	CY+5 31 Mar 25 153 3 156 156 897 18
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	12c(ii) System Demand Maximum coincident system demand (MW) GXP demand plus Distributed generation output at HV and above Maximum coincident system demand less Net transfers to (from) other EDBs at HV and above Demand on system for supply to consumers' connection points Electricity volumes carried (GWh) Electricity supplied from GXPs less Electricity exports to GXPs plus Electricity supplied from distributed generation	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	CY+1 31 Mar 21 143 2 145 145 4 5 4 5 5 17 30	CY+2 31 Mar 22 145 2 148 148 148 850 177 30	CY+3 31 Mar 23 148 3 150 150 150 865 18 31	CY+4 31 Mar 24 151 3 153 153 153 881 881 18 31	CY+5 31 Mar 25 153 3 156 156 897 18 32
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	12c(ii) System Demand Maximum coincident system demand (MW) GXP demand plus Distributed generation output at HV and above Maximum coincident system demand less Net transfers to (from) other EDBs at HV and above Demand on system for supply to consumers' connection points Electricity volumes carried (GWh) Electricity supplied from GXPs less Electricity supplied from distributed generation less Net electricity supplied to (from) other EDBs	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 4 4 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5 4 5	CY+1 31 Mar 21 143 2 145 145 	CY+2 31 Mar 22 145 2 148 148 148 850 177 300	CY+3 31 Mar 23 148 3 150 150 150 865 18 31	CY+4 31 Mar 24 151 3 153 153 153 881 881 18 31	CY+5 31 Mar 25 153 3 156 156 897 18 32
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	12c(ii) System Demand Maximum coincident system demand (MW) GXP demand plus Distributed generation output at HV and above Maximum coincident system demand less Net transfers to (from) other EDBs at HV and above Demand on system for supply to consumers' connection points Electricity volumes carried (GWh) Electricity supplied from GXPs less Electricity exports to GXPs plus Electricity supplied from distributed generation less Net electricity supplied to (from) other EDBs Electricity entering system for supply to ICPs	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 2 4 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	CY+1 31 Mar 21 143 2 145 145 45 145 	CY+2 31 Mar 22 145 2 148 148 148 850 177 300 863	CY+3 31 Mar 23 148 3 150 150 150 865 18 31 31 - 878	CY+4 31 Mar 24 151 3 153 153 153 881 18 31 - 894 - 894	CY+5 31 Mar 25 153 3 156 156 897 18 32
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	12c(ii) System Demand Maximum coincident system demand (MW) GXP demand plus Distributed generation output at HV and above Maximum coincident system demand less Net transfers to (from) other EDBs at HV and above Demand on system for supply to consumers' connection points Electricity volumes carried (GWh) Electricity supplied from GXPs less Electricity supplied from distributed generation less Net electricity supplied to (from) other EDBs Electricity entering system for supply to ICPs less Total energy delivered to ICPs	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 2 2 4 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	CY+1 31 Mar 21 143 2 145 145 145 835 17 30 847 824	CY+2 31 Mar 22 145 2 148 148 148 148 850 177 30 863 839 839	CY+3 31 Mar 23 148 3 150 150 150 150 865 18 31 31 - - 878 878	CY+4 31 Mar 24 151 3 153 153 153 881 18 31 894 894	CY+5 31 Mar 25 153 3 156 156 897 18 32 910 887
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	12c(ii) System Demand Maximum coincident system demand (MW) GXP demand plus Distributed generation output at HV and above Maximum coincident system demand less Net transfers to (from) other EDBs at HV and above Demand on system for supply to consumers' connection points Electricity volumes carried (GWh) Electricity supplied from GXPs less Electricity supplied from distributed generation less Net electricity supplied from distributed generation less Net electricity supplied to (from) other EDBs Electricity entering system for supply to ICPs less Total energy delivered to ICPs Losses	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 140 2 4 4 4 4 5 5 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	CY+1 31 Mar 21 143 2 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145	CY+2 31 Mar 22 145 2 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148 148	CY+3 31 Mar 23 148 3 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	CY+4 31 Mar 24 151 3 153 4 153 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 1 8 8 1 8 9 4 8 94 8 69 2 5	CY+5 31 Mar 25 153 3 156 156 897 18 32 910 885 25
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	12c(ii) System Demand Maximum coincident system demand (MW) GXP demand plus Distributed generation output at HV and above Maximum coincident system demand less Net transfers to (from) other EDBs at HV and above Demand on system for supply to consumers' connection points Electricity volumes carried (GWh) Electricity supplied from GXPs less Electricity supplied from distributed generation less Net electricity supplied from distributed generation less Net electricity supplied to (from) other EDBs Electricity entering system for supply to ICPs Losses Load factor	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 140 2 4 4 4 4 5 5 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	CY+1 31 Mar 21 143 2 145 145 145 835 17 30	CY+2 31 Mar 22 145 2 148 148 148 850 17 30	CY+3 31 Mar 23 148 3 150 150 150 150 865 18 31 31 - 878 854 24	CY+4 31 Mar 24 151 3 153 153 153 153 881 18 31	CY+5 31 Mar 25 153 3 156 156 156 897 18 32 910 885 25
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 5	12c(ii) System Demand Maximum coincident system demand (MW) GXP demand plus Distributed generation output at HV and above Maximum coincident system demand less Net transfers to (from) other EDBs at HV and above Demand on system for supply to consumers' connection points Electricity volumes carried (GWh) Electricity supplied from GXPs less Electricity supplied from distributed generation less Net electricity supplied to (from) other EDBs Electricity supplied to (from) other EDBs Electricity entering system for supply to ICPs less Total energy delivered to ICPs Losses Load factor Loss ratio	for year ended	Current Year CY 31 Mar 20 140 2 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4	CY+1 31 Mar 21 143 2 145 145 145 	CY+2 31 Mar 22 145 2 148 148 148 850 17 17 30	CY+3 31 Mar 23 148 3 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	CY+4 31 Mar 24 151 3 153 153 153 153 881 188 881 18 31 31 - - 894 869 255	CY+5 31 Mar 25 153 3 156 156 156 897 18 32 910 885 25 67% 2 8%

6.6 **FORECAST INTERRUPTION DURATION – SCHEDULE 12D**

				-			
				Company Name	Alp	oine Energy Limite	ed
			AMP	Planning Period	1 Apri	2020 – 31 March	n 2030
			Network / Sul	b-network Name			
9	SCHEDULE 12d: REPORT FORECAST INTERRUPTIONS AND DURATION						
т	his schedule requires a forecast of SAIFI and SAIDI for disclosure and a 5 year planning period. The forecasts sho	uld be consistent wit	h the supporting info	rmation set out in th	e AMP as well as the	e assumed impact of pl	anned and
u	Inplanned SAIFI and SAIDI on the expenditures forecast provided in Schedule 11a and Schedule 11b.						
sch	n ref						
	8	Current Year CY	CY+1	CY+2	СҮ+3	CY+4	СҮ+5
	9 for year ended	31 Mar 20	31 Mar 21	31 Mar 22	31 Mar 23	31 Mar 24	31 Mar 25
						I I	
1	11 Class B (planned interruptions on the network)	28.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0
1	12 Class C (unplanned interruptions on the network)	95.2	91.9	91.9	91.9	91.9	91.9
1	13 SAIFI						
1	14 Class B (planned interruptions on the network)	0.20	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70
1	15 Class C (unplanned interruptions on the network)	0.73	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20

6.7 SCHEDULE 14A

Company name: Alpine Energy Limited

For Year Ended 31 March 2020

Schedule 14a - Mandatory Explanatory Notes of Forecast Information

(In this Schedule, clause references are to the Electricity Distribution Information Disclosure Determination 2012 (consolidated in 2015))

This Schedule provides for EDBs to provide explanatory notes to reports prepared in accordance with clause 2.6.6.

This Schedule is mandatory—EDBs must provide the explanatory comment specified below, in accordance with clause 2.7.2. This information is part of the audited disclosure information, and so is not subject to the assurance requirements specified in Section 2.8.

Commentary on difference between nominal and constant price capital expenditure forecasts (Schedule 11a).

In the box below, comment on the difference between nominal and constant price capital expenditure for the disclosure year, as disclosed in Schedule 11a.

To derive the capital expenditure in nominal dollar terms, the constant price forecasts were inflated by approximately 2% per annum, on a straight line basis, based on New Zealand Treasury forecasts. To derive the 10 year forecast, 2% was selected as a conservative inflationary rate. Therefore the difference between nominal and constant expenditure forecasts is an inflationary impact of 2% per year.

Commentary on difference between nominal and constant prise operational expenditure forecasts (Schedule 11b).

In the box below, comment on the difference between nominal and constant price operational expenditure for the disclosure year, as disclosed in Schedule 11b.

To derive the operational expenditure in nominal terms, the constant price forecasts were inflated by approximately 2% per annum, on a straight line basis, based on New Zealand Treasury forecasts. To derive the 10 year forecast, 2% was selected as a conservative inflationary rate. Therefore the difference between nominal and constant expenditure forecasts is an inflationary impact of 2% per year. The real expenditure is reducing to reflect the expected efficiency gains per annum that will be found by improvements to our processes and practices. We expect to share realised benefits with consumers by reducing our operating expenditure, in real terms, over the next 10 years. Therefore the difference between nominal and constant operational expenditure forecasts is a reduction of 2% per year.